This course offers a historical overview, a multidisciplinary analysis, and a cultural critique of the triangular relationship of religion, language and nationalism. It is centered on the enormous global Bible translation project that is connecting all sides of this triangle. Due to the complexity of the topic, this course is reading-intensive, but previous knowledge of the Bible or any specific languages itself is optional.

We begin with an introduction exploring Jewish and Christian approaches to religion. Jewish studies scholars with their specific sensibility to all three sides of the triangle can provide valuable theory and models, specifically in connection to the Hebrew language and the role of the Bible in human culture in general. Introductory focuses will be on concepts such as authenticity, authority, canonization, civic religion, cultural transfer, essentialism, gendering of education, literacy, sacred texts, *translatio studii*, and translation myths.

This is followed by a historical overview and brief analysis of the waves of Jewish and Christian Bible translations since antiquity, with comparative references to the Qur’an and Muslim contexts.

We then turn our attention to concrete case studies and examples of the actual linguistic and structural impact that Bible translation has already had on languages. The prime implication is the very idea of a fixed “linguistic standard,” expressed, for instance, in strict spelling and pronunciation rules. The impact of Bible translation is furthermore evident on linguistics as a whole, notably in terms of academic reference tools. For example, the global *Ethnologue* project of Bible translation and language categorization is shared by Christian missionaries and academic linguists. We also find that specific Bible translations are central to defining communities, via real or imaginary links between religion, language, and nationalism. In fact, communities do not actually have to use the Bible, and it can still define their linguistic or national characteristics and boundaries, such as in the case of Muslim-majority Indonesia, where the official language is based on the world’s first colonial translation (Malay, from 1629).

As Bible translation is reaching a historical peak since the twenty-first century, through systematic attempts of providing the book in all human languages, the restructuring of global knowledge via a Biblical filter reaches near-universal proportions. Questioning the powerful ideas of a single national linguistic standard and a fixed sacred text canon opens up a discussion of the triangular relationship between language, nationalism and religion in practice. How can future language communities and contain, and enable members to practice, more than one, or even any number of linguistic standards and religious identities?
Assessment:

Minor assignments: Reading Presentation 20%

Mid Term: Quiz 10%

Final requirement: Paper 6-10 p., Seminar paper 18-25 p., or Referat 8-13 pages long (double-spaced, excluding bibliography) 50%

Participation: 20%

Attendance:

Attendance is mandatory. Students are permitted a maximum of three absences without penalty. Any additional absences will affect the final grade and may result in failure of the course.

Academic conduct:

Plagiarism is taken extremely seriously. Any instance of academic misconduct which includes: submitting someone else’s work as your own; failure to accurately cite sources; taking words from another source without using quotation marks; submission of work for which you have previously received credit; working in a group for individual assignments; using unauthorized materials in an exam and sharing your work with other students, will result in failure of the assignment and will likely lead to further disciplinary measures.

Theoretical Introduction

Week 1 Charmé/Funkenstein


Week 2 Hary/Wein


Global Overview

Week 3 Smith


Week 4 Fishman


Week 5 Anderson


Week 6: Quran


Case Studies

Week 7: English/Midterm


Week 8: Africa


Week 9: Other


Language, Religion, Nationalism and Power

Week 10 Schöpflin


Week 11 McColl

Week 12 Joseph


Week 13 Conclusions

General Reference Tools


Encyclopedia Britannica

Encyclopedia Judaica